## Thursday 14th May Daily Activities



Practice your 8 times table
and get fit at the same time!!


- https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/superm overs/ks2-maths-the-8-times-table-with-filbert-fox/z4mrhbk


## Reading at home

You should still be aiming to read for at least 20 minutes everyday.

Remember, you can now take Accelerated Reader quizzes from home by using this link Howley Grange Renaissance at home and logging on as usual using your username and password.

To check that the book you are reading has a quiz, you can check it using on Accelerated Reader Bookfinder. It's okay to read books which haven't got a quiz - just keep a record of what you have read.

Keep reading and exploring new worlds and adventures!

English

## Daily spelling practice

- You may choose to use the strategies shared in yesterday's PowerPoint to continue to practise this week's spellings/focus words (see right) or alternatively you can complete the cross word on the next slide.

ascent | crescent |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| fascinate | muscle |
| scene | scenery |
| scent | science |
| scientist | scissors |

## Mind the gap



> Use the clues and write the correct focus word next to the relevant number in the cross word. Remember all the words have 'sc' in them-don't forget the $c$ !

## Clues

1 Parts of the body that produce movement
2 The landscape
3 To interest
4 A climb upwards
5 A view or picture
6 A smell
7 A study of the physical world
8 An object used to cut things
9 A semi-circular or arc shape

## WALT plan a persuasive letter.

This week you are going to write a formal letter to Miss Lewis persuading her to keep Golden Time on a Friday when we get back to school.

As you know, we have been trialling it for the last few months but now it's time to convince Miss Lewis to keep it going.

Today you need to plan out your letter and think about the reasons why you think Golden Time should continue.

The next slide will help you to plan and structure your letter.


This is where you will write you address you should all be able to do this now after practising yesterday.

Date
School's address

Dear Miss Lewis

Howley Grange Primary, Howley Grange Road, Halesowen, West Midlands. B62 OHS

Introduction - explain why you are writing.
Main body - put forward your arguments and reasons.

Conclusion - explain again briefly your main points.

Sign off


You could print out this slide (and rotate it) to make notes on - like we do in school.

## So, why do you think we should keep Golden Time?

More time to play.

It is fun.

Learn new skills - like being a leader and explaining and running a game.

Children who are naughty get punished.

Makes the children happy.

Children who behave and work hard get rewarded.

Good to be able to make your own choices rather than being told what to do by an adult.

Develop social skills like learning to take turns and winning/losing.

Make new friends by playing with different children.

Show kindness by inviting others to join in games.

## So, why do you think we should keep Golden Time?



Remember you have already done some persuasive writing a couple of weeks ago. You wrote a paragraph persuading someone to visit Italy.

Have a look back at this work and the PowerPoint on the school website to remind yourself of the features of persuasive writing.

## Maths



- Aim to spend 15 minutes playing on TT Rock Stars.


## $10-4-10$

Complete in the same way as we do in school. Aim to complete as many questions as you can in 10 minutes. Miss them out if you're spending too long thinking about how to tackle them. You don't need to write the question. Only show your workings if you need to. You should use the squares in your Maths homework book as this will help you set out any written methods.

$$
\text { 1. } £ 145+\ldots=£ 245
$$

2. 556 is 10 less than $\qquad$

## Extension

11. Which is smaller -376 pence or £37.60?
12. $12 \times 9=$ $\qquad$ 12. $8 \times 50 \mathrm{p}=$
13. $36 \div 3=$
14. $£ 5,357+£ 478=$
15. $£ 8.86-£ 3.40=$
16. $2 p \times 5 p \times 7 p=$
17. $20 p \div \ldots=20 p$
18. $£ \quad+£ 10.53=£ 15.92$
19. $\qquad$ $-2,887=6,000$
20. How many ten pences are there in $£ 2.30$ ?
21. $86 \div 2=80-$ $\qquad$
22. $£ 7.00-£ 2.35=$
23. Order $£ 1.07,92 p, 29 p, £ 1.70$ from smallest to largest amount
24. What must I add to $£ 17.20$ to make $£ 20.00$ ?
25. $60 p \div 5=2 x$ $\qquad$ p

## 10. Change 478p into pounds and pence.

## New learning-you've not been taught this in year 4 before

## W.A.L.T: convert between analogue and digital time.

-Click and follow the following link: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zkfycdm/articles/zcrmaty (which will take you to BBC Bitesize home learning).
Once you reach the website you should see: What is analogue and digital time?
Click and watch the short video and then scroll down to and click the next image, where you will be able to interact with the computer to practise your skills.
-The next few slides are for you to look at to, hopefully, develop your understanding further. There are some questions to get you thinking-you can write down the answers to these but you don't have to. Once you've looked at them (some of you will only need to flick through them where others will need to spend much longer to develop their understanding-this is fine) there will be some starred worksheets for you to have a go at. Start with the star you often start on, in maths, and then you can always continue on if you feel confident but do not pressure yourself to.

## The 24 Hour Day

A day has 24 hours. A clock has 12 hours.
This means each time will happen twice every day.

half past 2 in the morning
half past 2 in the afternoon

## a.m. and p.m.

We have to use a way to write these times differently. One way is to use a.m. and p.m.
a. m. (ante meridiem - before noon)
p. m. (post meridiem - after noon)


2:30 a. m.


$$
2: 30 \text { p. m. }
$$

## The 24 Hour Clock

Another way is to use a 24 hour clock.
This means the hours after 12 noon are converted to 13:00 to 23:00.


A 4 digit format is used. 2 digits for the hour, a colon (:) and 2 for the minutes.

## 24 Hour Hours

This clock and table show the corresponding hours on a 24 hour clock.


| 00:00 $=12: 00 \mathrm{AM}$ | 12:00 $=12: 00 \mathrm{PM}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 01:00 = 1:00 AM | 13:00 = 1:00 PM |
| 02:00 $=2: 00 \mathrm{AM}$ | $14: 00=2: 00$ PM |
| 03:00 $=3: 00 \mathrm{AM}$ | 15:00 $=3: 00$ PM |
| 04:00 $=4: 00 \mathrm{AM}$ | 16:00 $=4: 00 \mathrm{PM}$ |
| 05:00 = 5:00 AM | 17:00 = 5:00 PM |
| 06:00 = 6:00 AM | $18: 00=6: 00$ PM |
| 07:00 = 7:00 AM | 19:00 $=7: 00$ PM |
| 08:00 $=8: 00 \mathrm{AM}$ | 20:00 $=8: 00$ PM |
| 09:00 = 9:00 AM | 21:00 = 9:00 PM |
| 10:00 $=10: 00 \mathrm{AM}$ | 22:00 = 10:00 PM |
| 11:00 = 11:00 AM | 23:00 = 11:00 PM |
| 12:00 = 12:00 AM | 24:00 = 12:00 PM |

Midnight is referred to as both 00:00 and 24:00

## 24 Hour Time in the Morning

To convert between 12 and 24 hour time in the morning change the format.


The hours stay the same.

## 24 Hour Time in the Afternoon

To convert between 12 and 24 hour time in the afternoon add or subtract 12 hours and change the format.


22:30 becomes 10:30 p.m.

## Convert 12 to 24 hour

Convert these times to 24 hour time. Remember in the morning (a.m.) the hour stays the same, in the afternoon (p.m.) then we add 12 to the hour digits.

| 12 hour time |
| :---: |
| $2: 45 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $10: 20 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $1: 55 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $3: 05 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $5: 35 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $8: 40 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $11: 25 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |

24 hour time
2:45 a. m.
10:20 a. m.
1:55 p.m.
3:05 p.m.
5:35 p. m.

11:25 p.m.

## Convert 12 to 24 hour

How did you get on?

| 12 hour time | 24 hour time |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2: 45 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. | $02: 45$ |
| $10: 20 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. | $10: 20$ |
| $1: 55 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | $13: 55$ |
| $3: 05 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | $17: 35$ |
| $5: 35 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | $20: 40$ |
| $8: 40 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | $23: 25$ |
| $11: 25 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |  |

## Convert 24 to 12 hour

Convert these times to 12 hour time. Remember if the hour digits are more than 12 then it must be afternoon (p.m.) so we subtract 12 from the hours digits to convert to 12 hour clock.

| 24 hour time |
| :---: |
| $03: 15$ |
| $11: 15$ |
| $14: 45$ |
| $16: 20$ |
| $18: 55$ |
| $21: 05$ |
| $22: 35$ |

03:15
11:15
14:45
16:20

21:05
22:35

## Convert 24 to 12 hour

How did you get on?

| 24 hour time | 12 hour time |
| :---: | :---: |
| $03: 15$ | $3: 15 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $11: 15$ | $11: 15 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $14: 45$ | $2: 45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $16: 20$ | $4: 20 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $18: 55$ | $6: 55 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $21: 05$ | $9: 05 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| $22: 35$ | $10: 35 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. |

## Timetables

Transport timetables often use 24 hour times. Here is an example of a bus timetable:

| Service Number | 83 | 83 a | 83 | 83 a |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ecclesfield, Mill Rd | $17: 10$ | $17: 21$ | $17: 35$ | $17: 41$ |
| Ecclesfield, High St | - | $17: 24$ | - | $17: 44$ |
| Southey Green, Moonshine Ln | $17: 22$ | $17: 33$ | $17: 47$ | $17: 53$ |
| Pitsmoor, Pinfold Ln | $17: 34$ | $17: 45$ | $17: 59$ | $18: 05$ |
| Sheffield, Snig Hill | $17: 55$ | $18: 07$ | $18: 15$ |  |
| Hunters Bar, Ecclesall Rd | - | $18: 13$ | $18: 27$ | $18: 33$ |
| Fulwood, Crimicar Ln | $18: 15$ | - | $18: 38$ | - |
| Bents Green, Ringinglow Rd |  |  |  |  |

## Timetables

Sometimes, 24 hour clock times appear without the separating colon (:). Here's what the bus timetable would look like without the colon:

| Service Number | 83 | $83 a$ | 83 | $83 a$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ecclesfield, Mill Rd | 1710 | 1721 | 1735 | 1741 |
| Ecclesfield, High St | - | 1724 | - | 1744 |
| Southey Green, Moonshine Ln | 1722 | 1733 | 1747 | 1753 |
| Pitsmoor, Pinfold Ln | 1734 | 1745 | 1759 | 1805 |
| Sheffield, Snig Hill | 1804 | 1755 | 1807 | 1815 |
| Hunters Bar, Ecclesall Rd | - | 1827 | - | 1827 |
| Fulwood, Crimicar Ln | 1815 | - | 1838 | - |
| Bents Green, Ringinglow Rd |  |  |  |  |

## Recap: 12 and 24 hour clock times

|  | midnight | a.m. | noon | p.m. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 hour | $12: 00$ a.m. | e. g. $5: 15$ a.m. | $12: 00$ p.m. | e.g. $4: 15$ p.m. |
| 24 hour | $00: 00$ | e. g. $5: 15$ | $12: 00$ | e. g. $16: 15$ |

1) Complete the chart, changing 12-hour a.m. digital times into 24 -hour times.

| 12-Hour Time | 24-Hour Time |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1:00 a.m. |  |
| 2:00 a.m. |  |
| 3:00 a.m. |  |
| 4:00 a.m. |  |
| 5:00 a.m. |  |
| 6:00 a.m. |  |
| 7:00 a.m. |  |
| 8:00 a.m. |  |
| 9:00 a.m. |  |
| 10:00 a.m. |  |
| 11:00 a.m. |  |

2) Complete the chart, changing 12-hour p.m. digital times into 24 -hour times.

| 12-Hour Time | 24-Hour Time |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12:00 p.m. |  |
| 1:00 p.m. |  |
| 2:00 p.m. |  |
| 3:00 p.m. |  |
| 4:00 p.m. |  |
| 5:00 p.m. |  |
| 6:00 p.m. |  |
| $7: 00$ p.m. |  |
| 8:00 p.m. |  |
| $9: 00$ p.m. |  |
| 10:00 p.m. |  |

3) Complete this table, filling in the missing times.

4) In each pair, tick the time which comes earliest in the day. The first one is done for you.

| 3:15 p.m. | $\bigcirc$ | 11:30 | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $04: 15$ | $\bigcirc$ | 4:30 a.m. | $\bigcirc$ |
| $13: 15$ | $\bigcirc$ | 1:00 p.m. | $\bigcirc$ |
| $8: 30$ p.m. | $\bigcirc$ | $09: 15$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| $11: 30$ a.m. | $\bigcirc$ | 23:30 | $\bigcirc$ |
| $14: 30$ | $\bigcirc$ | $2: 15$ p.m. | $\bigcirc$ |

3) This TV schedule has been written in a 12-hour digital format Convert the times to 24 -hour times.

|  | 12-Hour Time | Programme | 24-Hour Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 9:15 a.m. | Loopy Tunes |  |
|  | 10:00 a.m. | Pepper Pink |  |
| $10$ | 10:30 a.m. | Film: Toy Tales |  |
|  | 11:45 a.m. | Sponge Ben Square Boots |  |
| Hov | 12:30 p.m. | Stewart Galaxy and the Crystal Jewels |  |
| $10 \cdot 10$ | 1:15 p.m. | Film: Beauty and the Bear |  |
|  | 2:30 p.m. | Bill the Builder |  |

4) Here is a bus route from Timbley to Lordton. The times have been written in a 24-hour format. Convert the times to 12 -hour times, using a.m. and p.m.

| 24-Hour Time | Town | 12-Hour Time |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $11: 30$ | Timbley |  |
| $12: 15$ | Scarton |  |
| $13: 00$ | Leesbury |  |
| $13: 45$ | Malmy |  |
| $15: 30$ | Sternin |  |
| $15: 00$ | Lordton |  |


| Modelled example: | Time in Words | 24 Hour Clock | 12 Hour Clock | Analogue |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | seven o'clock in the evening | 19:00 | 7:00p.m. |  |
|  |  |  | 11:00a.m. |  |
|  |  | 14:15 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 8:20p.m |  |
|  | midday |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 6:40p.m. |  |
|  | midnight |  |  |  |
|  | seven minutes <br> to eight <br> at night |  |  |  |

French

## Basic Phrases

Print off the puzzle.
Cut along the lines and mix up the pieces.

Can you put the puzzle back together again?


Answers

## Mind the gap (answers)

|  |  |  |  |  | 1 | m | $u$ | s | c | 1 | e |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | s | c | e | n | e | r |  | y |
|  |  |  | 3 | $f$ | a | s | c | i | n | a | t | e |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 4 | a | $s$ | c | e | n | t |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 5 | s | c | e | n | e |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 6 | s | c | e | n | t |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 7 | $s$ | c | i | e | n | c | e |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 8 | s | c | 1 | s | s | o | r | s |  |  |
| 9 | c | r | e | 5 | c | e | n | t |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 10-4-10 Answers

1. $£ 145+£ 100=£ 245$
2. 556 is 10 less than 566
3. $12 \times 9=108$
4. $36 \div 3=12$
5. $£ 5,357+£ 478=£ 5,835$
6. $£ 8.86-£ 3.40=£ 5.46$
7. $2 p \times 5 p \times 7 p=70 p$
8. $20 p \div 1=20 p$
9. $£ 5.39+£ 10.53=£ 15.92$
10. Change 478 p into pounds and pence. $£ 4.78$

## Extension

11. Which is smaller -376 pence or £37.60? 376 pence
12. $8 \times 50$ p $=400$ pence or $£ 4.00$
13. $8,887-2,887=6,000$
14. How many ten pences are there in $£ 2.30$ ? 23
15. $86 \div 2=80-37$
16. $£ 7.00-£ 2.35=£ 4.65$
17. Order $£ 1.07,92 p, 29 p, £ 1.70$ from smallest to largest amount. 29p, 92p, £1.07, £1.70
18. What must I add to $£ 17.20$ to make $£ 20.00$ ? $£ 2.80$
19. $60 p \div 5=2 \times 6 p$
20. 25 p $\times 6=150$ p or $£ 1.50$

| Question | Answer |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Complete the chart, changing 12 -hour a.m. digital times into 24 -hour times. |  |  |
|  | 1:00 a.m. | 01:00 |
|  | 2:00 a.m. | 02:00 |
|  | 3:00 a.m. | 03:00 |
|  | 4:00 a.m. | 04:00 |
|  | 5:00 a.m. | 05:00 |
|  | 6:00 a.m. | 06:00 |
|  | 7:00 a.m. | 07:00 |
|  | 8:00 a.m. | 08:00 |
|  | 9:00 a.m. | 09:00 |
|  | 10:00 a.m. | 10:00 |
|  | 11:00 a.m. | 11:00 |
| 2. Complete the chart, changing 12 -hour p.m. digital times into 24 -hour times. |  |  |
|  | 12:00 p.m. | 12:00 |
|  | 1:00 p.m. | 13:00 |
|  | 2:00 p.m. | 14:00 |
|  | 3:00 p.m. | 15:00 |
|  | 4:00 p.m. | 16:00 |


|  | 5:00 p.m. | 17:00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6:00 p.m. | 18:00 |
|  | 7:00 p.m. | 19:00 |
|  | 8:00 p.m. | 20:00 |
|  | 9:00 p.m. | 21:00 |
|  | 10:00 p.m. | 22:00 |
|  | 11:00 p.m. | 23:00 |
| 3. Complete this table, filling in the missing times. |  |  |
|  | 03:15 | 3:15 a.m. |
|  | 16:00 | 4:00 p.m. |
|  | 07:30 | 7:30 a.m. |
|  | 18:45 | 6:45 p.m. |
|  | 14:30 | 2:30 p.m. |
|  | 05:30 | 5:30 a.m. |
|  | 22:45 | 10:45 p.m. |
|  | 17:30 | s:30 p.m. |
|  | 09:15 | 9:15 a.m. |
|  | 06:30 | 6:30 a.m. |
|  | 22:30 | 10:30 p.m. |


| Question | Answer |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4. In each pair, tick the time which comes earliest in the day. The first one is done for you. |  |  |
|  | 3:15 p.m. $\bigcirc$ | 11:30 (V) |
|  | 4:15 (d) | 4:30 a.m. $\bigcirc$ |
|  | 13:15 $\bigcirc$ | 1:00 p.m. (V) |
|  | 8:30 p.m. $\bigcirc$ | 9:15 (V) |
|  | 11:30 a.m. ( | 23:30 $\bigcirc$ |
|  | 14:30 $\bigcirc$ | 2:15 p.m. |

Answers

| Question | Answer |  | 7:45 p.m. | 19:45 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Complete the chart, changing 12 -hour a.m. digital times into 24 -hour times. |  |  | 10:00 p.m. | 22:00 |
|  | 2:15 a.m. | 02:15 | 8:30 p.m. | 20:30 |
|  | 5:30 a.m. | 05:30 | 11:45 p.m. | 23:45 |
|  | 9:00 a.m. | 09:00 | 2:45 p.m. | 14:45 |
|  | 11:15 a.m. | 11:15 | 7:00 p.m. | 19:00 |
|  | 6:30 a.m. | 06:30 |  |  |
|  | 9:45 a.m. | 09:45 |  |  |
|  | 11:30 a.m. | 11:30 |  |  |
|  | 10:00 a.m. | 10:00 |  |  |
|  | 8:15 a.m. | 08:15 |  |  |
|  | 1:30 a.m. | 01:30 |  |  |
|  | 2:45 a.m. | 02:45 |  |  |
| 2. Complete the chart, changing 12 -hour p.m. digital times into 24 -hour times. |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12:30 p.m. | 12:30 |  |  |
|  | 6:00 p.m. | 18:00 |  |  |
|  | 2:15 p.m. | 14:15 |  |  |
|  | 4:30 p.m. | 16:30 |  |  |
|  | 9:00 p.m. | 21:00 |  |  |


| Question | Answer |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. | This TV schedule has been written in a 12-hour digital format. Convert the times to 24 -hour times. |  |  |
|  | 09:15 a.m. | Loopy Tunes | 09:15 |
|  | 10:00 a.m. | Pepper Pink | 10:00 |
|  | 10:30 a.m. | Film: Toy Tales | 10:30 |
|  | $11: 45$ a.m. | Sponge Ben Square Boots | 11:45 |
|  | 12:30 p.m. | Stewart Galaxy and the Crystal Jewels | 12:30 |
|  | 01:15 p.m. | Film: Beauty and the Bear | 13:15 |
|  | 02:30 p.m. | Bill the Builder | 14:30 |
| 4. | Here is a bus route from Timbley to Lordton. The times have been written in a 24 -hour format. Convert the times to 12 -hour times, using a.m. and p.m. |  |  |
|  | 11:30 | Timbley | Il:30 a.m. |
|  | 12:15 | Scarton | 12:15 p.m. |
|  | 13:00 | Leesbury | 1:00 p.m. |
|  | 13:45 | Malmy | 1:45 p.m. |
|  | 14:30 | Sternin | 2:30 p.m. |
|  | 15:00 | Parsey | 3:00 p.m. |
|  | 15:30 | Lordton | 3:30 p.m. |

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## $\star \star \star$ Answers

| Time in Words | 24 Hour Clock | 12 Hour Clock | Analogue |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| seven o'clock in the evening | 19:00 | 7:00p.m. |  |
| eleven o'clock in the morning | 11:00 | 11:00a.m. | $\begin{aligned} & 10^{12} \sqrt{12}^{2} \\ & 0^{2} \\ & 3 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned} 5^{4}$ |
| quarter past two in the afternoon | 14:15 | 2:15 p.m. | $\begin{aligned} & 10^{121} \\ & 9 \\ & 1^{2} \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| twenty past eight at night | 20:20 | 8:20p.m |  |
| midday or noon | 12:00 | 12:00 p.m. |  |
| twenty to seven in the evening | 18:40 | 6:40p.m. |  |
| midnight | 00:00 | 00:00 a.m. |  |
| seven minutes to eight at night | 19:53 | 7:53 p.m. |  |

